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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Log Gevity Citrus Strip Gel

1.2. Intended Use of the Product: Paint remover

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party Company

American Building Restoration Products, Inc. 9720 South 60th Street Franklin, WI 53132 T 800-346-7532

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Liq. 4	H227
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2A	H319
Skin Sens. 1	H317
Repr. 1B	H360
STOT SE 3	H335
Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Aquatic Acute 2	H401
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS02 GHS07



GHS08

Signal Word (GHS-US)

Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

:H227 - Combustible liquid.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

:

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- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from extremely high or low temperatures, ignition sources, and incompatible materials. No smoking.
- P261 Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray.
- P264 Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
- ABR Citrus Paint Remover Gel
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
- P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor.
- P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
- P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P312 Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P370+P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish.
- P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- P405 Store locked up.
- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Flammable vapors can accumulate in head space of closed systems.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	(CAS No) 872-50-4	61.72	Flam. Liq. 4, H227
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
			Repr. 1B, H360
			STOT SE 3, H335
Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol	(CAS No) 97-99-4	26.74	Flam. Liq. 4, H227
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
			Repr. 2, H361
Petroleum distillates,	(CAS No) 64742-47-8	8.23	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
hydrotreated light			Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			STOT SE 3, H336
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304

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				Aquatic Acute 2, H401
	D-Limonene	(CAS No) 5989-27-5	2.19	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	(CAS No) 112-34-5	1.12	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label if possible). Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice. Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water followed by rinsing with water for at least 15 minutes. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.

Inhalation: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms may include: severe skin irritation, redness, dermatitis.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include: redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision.

Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonia (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, respiratory failure and even death. Ingestion may damage fertility or the unborn child.

Chronic Symptoms: May damage fertility or the unborn child (oral). May cause developmental effects.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- 5.1. Extinguishing Media
- 5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture
- 5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present. Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area.

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Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water sources.

Production Division Fineficialities, Do not obtain fine one without many materials and including acquired as a

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Nitrogen oxides. During a fire, irritating fumes may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray, gas).

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Fire Hazard: Combustible liquid.

Explosion Hazard: May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

Reactivity: Reacts with strong oxidants causing fire and explosion hazard.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. For further information refer to Section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Any proposed use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to assure that safe operating conditions are established and maintained. Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors may be flammable.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. – No smoking. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, or spray. Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

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Technical Measures: Ensure adequate ventilation. Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks, and

flame. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Paint remover.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)			
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³ (application restricted to conditions in which	
		there are negligible aerosol exposures)	
Diethylene glycol monobuty	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)	
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)	
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)	
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)	
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)	
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (872-50-4)			
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	400 mg/m ³	
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	500 mg/m ³	
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	125 ppm	
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	400 mg/m ³	
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm	

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Safety glasses. Gloves. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid Appearance: Not available Odor: Not available Version: 1.0

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Odor Threshold: Not available

pH: Not available

Evaporation Rate: Not available Melting Point: Not available Freezing Point: Not available Boiling Point: Not available

Flash Point: 65.56 °C (150 °F) CC Method D3278/D3828

Auto-ignition Temperature: Not available Decomposition Temperature: Not available Flammability (solid, gas): Not available Lower Flammable Limit: Not available Upper Flammable Limit: Not available

Vapor Pressure: Not available

Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C: Not available

Relative Density: Not available

Specific gravity / density: Not available

Specific Gravity: Not available

Solubility: Not available

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: Not available

Viscosity: Not available

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge Static discharge could act as an ignition source

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1. Reactivity: Reacts with strong oxidants causing fire and explosion hazard.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Sparks. Incompatible materials.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials: Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Nitrogen oxides. During a fire, irritating fumes may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects – Product Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: May cause developmental effects

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified Reproductive Toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation

Aspiration Hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms may include: severe skin

irritation, redness, dermatitis

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include: redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision

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Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonia (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, respiratory failure and even death. Ingestion may damage fertility or the unborn child.

Chronic Symptoms: May damage fertility or the unborn child (oral). May cause developmental effects

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

D-Limonene (5989-27-5)		
LD50 Oral Rat	4400 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5 g/kg	
Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol (97-99-4)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.2 mg/l/4h	
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)		
LD50 Oral Rat	3384 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (872-50-4)		
LD50 Oral Rat	4150 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	5.1 mg/l/4h	
D-Limonene (5989-27-5)		
IARC Group	3	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Evidence of Carcinogenicity.	

National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status Evidence of Carcinogenicity.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General: Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

D-Limonene (5989-27-5)		
LC50 Fish 1	0.619 (0.619 - 0.796) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-	
	through])	
LC 50 Fish 2	35 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)		
LC50 Fish 1	45 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	
LC 50 Fish 2	2.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])	
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)		
LC50 Fish 1	1300 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (872-50-4)		
LC50 Fish 1	832 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	4897 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
LC 50 Fish 2	1072 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])	

Log Gevity Citrus Strip Gel

Persistence and Degradability: Not persistent, readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

ABR Citrus Paint Remover Gel

Bioaccumulative Potential

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The bioaccumulation of this product is not expected and therefore no PNEC is required. No long term adverse effect on organisms.

Therefore no PNEC has been derived.

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	t (64742-47-8)
BCF Fish 1	61 - 159
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112	-34-5)
BCF Fish 1	(no bioconcentration expected)
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (872-50-4)	
Log Pow	-0.46 (at 25 °C)

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial, and international regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light, 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone)

Identification Number NA1993

Packing Group Ш ERG Number

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport

14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

14.4. In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

D-Limonene (5989-27-5) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

ABR Citrus Paint Remover Gel SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes

Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol (97-99-4) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard

Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.

> Y2 - Y2 - indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria

for the exemption rule.

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (872-50-4) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on United

States SARA Section 313

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test

rule under TSCA. SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 %

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15.2. US State Regulations

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (872-50-4)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause

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birth defects.

Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol (97-99-4)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know)

List

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (872-50-4)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know

Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

15.3. Canadian Regulations





D-Limonene (5989-27-5) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) Listed on the Canadian IDL

(Ingredient Disclosure List)
IDL Concentration 1 %

WHMIS Classification Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 2

Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol (97-99-4) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) Listed on the Canadian IDL

(Ingredient Disclosure List) IDL Concentration 1 %

ABR Citrus Paint Remover Gel WHMIS Classification

Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material

causing other toxic effects WHMIS Classification

Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic

material causing other toxic effects

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification

Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic

material causing other toxic effects

Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

IDL Concentration 1 % WHMIS Classification

Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic

material causing other toxic effects

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (872-50-4) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification

Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic

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material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION. INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date: 05/26/2015

Other Information: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic	1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam, Lig. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3

, -	
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity Category 1B
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization Category 1B

STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3

por

H227 Combustible liquid

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
 H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life
 H401 Toxic to aquatic life
 H402 Harmful to aquatic life

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document



American Building Restoration Products, Inc. 9720 South 60th Street Franklin, WI 53132 T 800-346-7532 www.abrp.com abrp@abrp.com

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS 2